Beaver & Gephart

The Millheim Journal.

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HE DREAMED OF HOME.

He dreamed of home—aye, while the clew
Of life so thin and straightened drew,
A breath might sever it in two!

He dreamed of home; amid the press
Of those old shadows death doth dress
In mist, and cold and heaviness,—

He dreamed of home! Sweet in his ear
The sound of rustling grain-fields near,
The orchard oriole's fluted cheer.

Before his dim and lidded eye
The lake's crisp billow flickered high
On azure deeper than the sky.

Slipped thence from all uproar and strife
Once more the looks of child and wife
Shone as the lamps of household life:—

He dreamed of home! The vision new,
Wavered, reshaped itself anew,
Smiled, spake, as visions never do;

Still wide of home he saw, instead,
Its angel standing by his bed,
Unshaken in the hour of dread.

THE WEAVER OF RAVELOE.

It was fifteen years since Silas Marner had first come to Raveloe, and at the end of fifteen years Raveloe men said just the same things about him as at the begining. He was subject to cata lepsy and to the villagers there was something mysterious in these fits. as a fit was a stroke, and it was not in the nature of a stroke to let a man stand on his legs like a horse in the shafts and then walk off as soon as you can say "Gee."

So had his way of life mysterious peculiarities. He invited no comer to step across his door sill, and he never strolled into the village to drink a pint at the Rainbow, and he sought no man or woman, save for the pnapose of his calling, or to supply himself with the necessaries of life.

He had knowledge of herbs—and charms too, they thought—and perhaps he was possessed of an evil spirit, so it was partly to this vague fear that Marner was indebted for protecting him from persecution, and still more that, as linen weaver, his handicraft made him a highly welcome settler to the rich housewives of the district, There was only one important addition which the years brought; it was that Master Marner had laid by a fine sum of money somewhere.

His life had reduced itself to the mere functions of weaving and boarding. But about Christmas of that fifteen year, a great change came over Marner's life, and his history became blended in a singular manner with the life of his neighbors.

The greatest man in Raveloe was 'Squire Cass. One of his two sons. Dustan, the second, the neighbors said it was no matter what became of him —a spiteful, jeering fellow, whose taste for driving, betting and swapping might turn him out to be a sower of something worse than wild oats.

But it would be a pity that Godfrey, the eldest, a fine, well bred, good natured young man should take the same road as his brother, which he seemed inclined to do of late.

Godfrey was in Dustan's power, as he had secretly married a coarse beauty, whose love of drink had made her an unfit companion for any one, and he lived in fear of his father learning the dreadful secret and turning him adrift, so Dustan made constant demands on hiin for hush money. Driven to desperation by his profligate brother, he had given him permission to sell his favorite horse if he would make no more demands upon him.

So Dustan rode the horse to the races and before he had a chance to sell, killed the horse and went from the grounds in a drunken, penniless state

As he was plodding home through the dark he saw a light in Marner's house. He knocked but no one answered and on stepping in he found it vacant.

Where could he be, leaving his supper cooking and the door unfastened. It was a dark rainy night, and perhaps he had gone out for fuel and fallen into the stone pits.

That was an interesting idea to Dustan. If the weaver was dead, who had a right to his money? Who would know where his money was hidden? Who would know that anybody had come to take the money away?

He saw a place near the loom where the sand had finger marks. He darted to it, lifted the bricks, and found two leathern bags. He immediately left the house with the bags. The rain and darkness had got thicker, but he was heartily glad of it.

Silas came sooner after, and after getting warm he thought he would put his beloved guineas on the table before him, as it would be pleasant to see them as he ate his unwonted feast. For joy is the best of wine, and Silas' guineas were a golden wine of that sort.

The sight of the empty hole made his heart leap, but the belief that his gold was gone could not come at once. He had put his gold somewhere else and then forgotten it. He turned his bed over and looked in the brick oven.

He felt once more all around the hole. He could see every object in his cottage — and his gold was not there. He put his hands to his head and gave a wild, ringing scream, the cry of desolation. The cry had relieved him from the first maddening pressure.

He tottered toward his loom, and got into the seat where he worked, instinctively seeking this as the strongest assurance of reality.

The idea of a thief began to present itself. He started from the loom to the door. He rushed out in the rain and made his way to the inn. There Silas told his story, under frequent questioning as the character of the robbery became evident.

The slight suspicion of his hearers melted away before the simplicity of his distress.

Dustan Cass had never been heard from, and on New Year's eve Squire Cass gave a large party. That night Godfrey'a wife was walking with slow, uncertain steps through the snow-covered lanes of Raveloe, carrying her child in her arms.

Soon she felt numb with cold and fatigue and then nothing but a supreme immediate longing to lie down and sleep. The complete torpor came at last; then fingers lost their tension, the arms unbont; then the little head fell away from the bosom, and the blue eyes opened wide on the cold starlight. Suddenly its eyes were caught by a bright gleaming light on the white ground: in an instant the child had slipped on all fours and held out one little hand to catch the gleam. But the gleam could not be caught, and the head was held up to see where the cunning gleam came from. It came from a very bright place; and the little one rising on its legs went on to the open door of Silas Marner's cottage, and right up to the warm hearth where Silas' coat lay on the bricks to dry. The little one squatted down on the coat, presently the warmth had a lulling effect, and the little golden head sank down on the old coat asleep. But where was Silas Marner? He was in the cottage, but he did not see the child. He had gone to the door to look out, and put his right hand on the latch of the door to close it—but he did not close it, he was arr sted by the invisible hand of catalepsy, and stood with wide but sightless eyes holding upon his door, powerless to resist the good or evil that might enter.

When Marner's sensibility returned, he closed the door, and turned towards the hearth, where, to his lurid vision, it seemed as if there were gold on the floor in front of the hearth.

Gold?—his own gold—brought back as mysteriously as it had been taken away.

He leaned forward at last and stretched forth his hand, but instead of the hard coin, his fingers encountered soft, warm curls. Could this be his little sister come back to him in a dream? He had a dreamy feeling that this child was somehow a message come to him from far off life. But there was a cry on the hearth, and Silas fed and soothed it. He found it had on wet shoes, which suggested to him that she must have come from out doors; so he raised the child, and went to the door and the little one cried out mammy. Bending forward he could just discern marks made by the little feet, and he followed their track to the furze bush, and there he found a human body, with the head sunk low in the furze, and half covered with the shaken snow. Silas knew that all the town was at the grand party at the squire's, so he carried the little one there in search of the doctor. The doctor, Godfrey, and a few others, go to the stone pits, and there find that the woman is past help—dead. They urged Silas to part with the child, but he presses it to him, and says:

"No, no! I can't part with it, It's come to me—I've a right to keep it."

It was a bright autumn Sunday, sixteen years after Silas Marner had found his treasure on the hearth.

The bells of the old Raveloe church were ringing the cheerful peal which told the morning service was ended. He called her Eppie for his sister. and that morning, as they walked home together, in low, murmuring tones Eppie talked to him.

"Father, if I was to be married, ought I to be married with mother's ring?"

"Why, Eppie, have you been thinking on it?"

"Only this last week, father," said Eppie, ingeniously, "since Aaron talked to me about it."

"And what did he say?" said Silas.

"He said he should like to be married. because he was going on four-and-twenty, and had got a good deal of gardening work, now Mr, Mott's given up."

"And who is it as he's wanting to morry?" said Silas with rather a sad smile.

"Why, me, to be sure, daddy," said Eppie, with dimpling laughter, kissing her father's cheek; "as if he'd wanted to marry anybody else."

"You mean to have him, do you?" said Silas.

"Yes, some time," said Eppie, "I don't know when."

"Everybody's married some time," Aaron says.

"But I told him that wasn't true, for I said; Look at father—he's never been married."

"My child," said Silas, "your father was a lone man till you was sent him."

"But you will never be a lone man again, father," said Eppie, tenderly: "that is what Aaron said."

"I could never think of taking you away from Master Marner, Eppie."

"And," I said, "it 'ud be of no use if you did, Aaron, and he wants us all to live together, as you needn't work, and he'd be as good as a son to you. But I don't want any change. Only Aaron does want a change, and he made me cry a bit—because he said I didn't care for him, for if I cared for him I should want us to married, as he did."

"Oh, my blessed child," said Silas. "You are o'er young to be married. But I shall get older and helpless, and I should like to have you marry somebody else besides me—somebody young and strong, as 'ud take care o' you to the end."

"Then you would like me to be married, father?"

"I'll not be the man to say no, Eppie. but will ask your god-mother. She'd wish the right thing by you and her son too."

And the ged-mother wished it.

In draining the lands the stone pits were drained dry and the skeleton of Dustan Cass was found and all of Silas Marner's gold, £265. So Aaron and Eppie enlarged their garden, and made happy their home, as they did not wish to leave the stone pits, and Eppie's own words tell the story of their united happy life.

"Oh, father, what a happy home ours is! I think nobody could be happier than we.

Arabian Horses.

It is a question what sort of a horse Noah took with him into the ark, and where the horse went to after the disembarkation. Tradition states that the first horse-trainer was Ishmael, after he was turned out of his father's tent. He is said to have captured a wild horse, and from her is descended a special strain of blood, known as Benat el Ahwaj, the oldest known breed, and all the Arabian breeds are but ramifications of the original stock, particularly the fine choice breeds known as thoroughbreds, or pure-blooded, by the Bedouins of the desert. It is probable that the home of the Arabian horse was in Northern Arabia, on the borders of the Euphrates, where there is more water on the surface of the ground than in Southern Arabia. The pure Arabian horse is from fourteen to fifteen hands high He has a large head, a large eye, an arched neck, and is of a mild disposition, and of unusual intelligence. Compared with other horses he is perfectly tractable. For his size, his speed is great, and his jumping or leaping powers are remarkable. He is a good walker and a good runner. The Bedouins do not teach their horses to trot, neither do they train race-horses. They themselves are bold riders for short distances, throwing spears, knives, javelins, and exercising themselves in strange feats of horsemanship, impossible for any but themselves. Travelers will remember the equestrian feats of the Jordan Valley guides who are usually BedouinSheiks, and who take great care of their horses. Training commences when the colt is young. The Beduins know nothing about breaking a horse, and their belief is that unless a horse has done good service before he is three years old he will never be worth anything. There are five recognized strains of Arabian horses, all equally or nearly equally pure and valuable. Written pedigrees are not known, but by tradition the pedigree is preserved for generations, descent being reckoned through the dam only. The pure Arab horse commands a high price, the mare a still higher price. And if sold the first foal is considered the property of the seller. A friend of the writer, an Arab, owns the one-fifth part of a pure mare, for which he paid 50 Napoleons. It is a beautiful animal. In mixed blood the size and the shape of the head follows the least beautiful type of the ancestors, as in the Spanish horses of the present day. The English thorough bred (so called) is not a pure Arab horse. The ear of the Arabian horse is small and beautifully shaped; the neck is light; the shoulder good and the fore arm very strong. The hind quarters are narrow indicating speed rather than strength. The legs are strong, less bone and more back sinew than in American horses. The pastern joints are long and fine—too long for strength—and the long pastern causes the horse to trip even on level ground. I had last year the offer of a beautiful Arab horse and at a reasonable price. He was the fastest walker I have ever seen in Palestine, but he tripped and moved badly on the downhill grade. I did not purchase him, being afraid that he might stumble. The best gait of the Arab horse is galloping or running, but I doubt not that by training good shoulder action could be obtained. The Arab horse has good wind, great powers of of endurance and he will bear any amount of training. He is fearless, and hence safe. In this respect he is very different from the northern horses of the Turks. The colors are various: gray, white, brown, black and bay. The bay is said to be the best; the black is rare; the best horses I have seen in Arabia are gray. For the pedigree or family of a horse the Bedouin looks at the head, whers it is said signs of parentage are seen. A very good horse, and favorite one in Palestine, is a cross between the Arabian and the Russian, which is sixteen or seventeen hands high, a large powerful horse and something very beautiful. For such a horse the French Consul paid 400 Napoleons.

The supposed deterioration of the Arab horse of late years may be from the system of close breeding, to a degree which would not be tolerated elsewhere, and the result is weakness. All blooded horses of the Arabians are very closely related by blood. Such is the prejudice of blood that an inferior specimen of a favorite strain is preferred to a fine specimen of a lower strain. Another cause may be scarcity of food and lack of care—if, indeed, any such deterioration does exist.

A FARMER, on being asked to write a testimonial for a patent clothes-wringer, produced the following. "I bought your clothes-wringer and am hugely pleased with it. I bought a jag of wood, which proved too green and unfit to burn, I ran the whole load through your wringer, and have used the wood for kindling ever since."

Second Sight.

Many intelligent people in Scotland and elsewhere believe in what is called the second sight, or, a power of seeing what is going on many miles away. The power is less common than it used to be years ago, but so many facts are told by persons whose veracity cannot be questioned, that it is easier to believe them without explaining the mystery, than to deny them. Similar facts in our own midst are not wanting confirming the possibilty of this second sight.

It is a historical fact that Rev. Jos. Buckminster, who died in Vermont in 1812, just before his death, announced that his distinguished son, Rev. J. S. Buckminster, of Boston, was dead. It afterward turned out that the son had breathed his last about the time his father made the announcement.

A parallel to that of the Buckminsters occurred but a short time since at Eaton, Ohio. On a Wednesday morning in April, 73, at four o'clock, Gen. John Quinn, of that place, breathed his last. But a few minutes of that Joseph Deem, who also died on the same day, aroused from his sleep, and said to his son John, who sat at his side, "John, Gen Quinn is dead."

To this John said: "I reckon you are mistaken, father; you have been dreaming. I guess Gen. Quinn is not dead, he is not even sick, but goes down town regularly every day for his mail."

"Yes," said father Deem, "I know he is dead;" and he had scarcely finished speaking when a neighbor walked in and said to them, "Gen. Quinn is dead!"

What is strange about it, is that Father Deem did not know of Gen. Quinn's illness, and, in all probability, had not heard his name mentioned.

The late Dr. Francis Wayland was accustomed to tell of an incident of this kind, which occurred to his mother, a woman of sound judgement and of admirably balanced character. Young Francis was expected home from New York, where he had been attending medical lectures. Suddenly, one day, the mother began to walk the floor hurriedly, saying to her husband, "Pray for my son. Francis is in danger."

She was so agitated and urgent that the father put up a prayer for deliverance from peril. When Francis at length arrived home, the mother asked at once, "What has taken place?" He told of an adventure. While coming up the North River on a sloop he had fallen overboard, and the sloop had passed over him. Being an athletic swimmer, he had kept afloat until rescued.

Heinrich Zschokke, one of the eminent literary men of Germany, possessed at times the curious power of seeing the whole life of a stranger into whose company he happened to be thrown. The incidents of the life seemed to pass before him in a kind of vision, with a distinctnesss even in minute details. He could not tell in what the power lay, nor how it came to him; nor was it permanent, or even general. It came mysteriously and left as strangely. But he often tested its accuracy by recounting to the stranger the whole story of the life as it appeared to him, and never failed to receive an acknowledgement of its truth, even in minute particulars. Once, when travelling with two of his sons, he met with another man, an orange peddler, who had a similar gift, and who, to the great delight of the boys, told the incidents of Zschokke's life from boyhood.

A distinguished scientist has advanced the theory in our hearing, to which he himself holds, that there is an unknown mental power in the human system that is independent of our recognized faculties, and superior to them. Certain persons on going to sleep fix upon an hour of the night to awake, and always awake at the fixed time. This indicates a knowledge of time possessed by this unexplained mental power which is beyond the reach of the ordinary faculties.

Many of the French soldiers, returning from the German frontier during the late war, were found sleeping during a wearisome march, but they kept in rank and obeyed orders. People have composed poems, reasoned with wonderful clearness on abstruse subjects, and even played the piano with unusual brillancy and expression, during sleep.

Dr. Brown-Sequard once related an incident of his own experience somewhat similar to those recorded of Zschokke. He was once lecturing to some French students, talking very rapidly, his whole mind wrapped up in the subject. He suddenly stopped short in his discourse, and stood before the audience, lost, as it were, in profound thought. While his mind had seemingly been concentrated on the subject of his lecture with unusual intensity, there had been forced into it the solution of a problem of science that had baffled his efforts for a long perod, and which was quite foreign to the subject of which he was treating. The students became alarmed, thinking from his strange silence, that he must have been taken ill, and he thought it prudent to make an explanation of the cause of his conduct on the spot.

Arsenic and Vanadium in Caustic Soda.

Since caustic soda is no longer exclusively made from crude soda and lime, but is also produced directly from red liquor, the product is often contaminated with undue proportions of chlorides, sulphates, carbonates, even nitrites, and sometimes cyanogen compounds. The author has now also met with arsenic and vanadium in caustic soda. The latter impurity may be disregarded, being rare and very minute; but the former is more serious. A sample of this caustic soda, dissolved in dilute sulphuric acid, and the solution tested directly in Marsh's apparatus, yielded a strong arsenic mirror. Assay by means of precipitation with hydro-sulphuric acid, etc., yielded 0.16 per cent of arsenic acid. The same sample contained also 0.014 per cent of vanadic acid. The latter may be recognized by passing through a solution of the caustic soda a current of hydro-sulphuric acid, when the liquid will finally assume an intense reddish violet. This is filtered and acidulated with dilute sulphuric acid, when a precipitate will be obtained, which, after being washed, will produce with borax a yellow bead in the outer blow pipe flame, and a green bead in the inner. On heating the precipitate in the air, a reddish-yellow mass is obtained, which is soluble in ammonia with a yellow color. The latter solution, slightly acidulated with hydrochloric acid, yields a bluish-black precipitate with infusion of nutgalls.

Scenes Behind the Bars.

At 5 o'clock the convicts in the Auburn New York State Prison quit their work and form in line in their shops. They are marched to the "bucket ground," and after slinging their buckets on their arms they shuffle in long lines in single file to their cells. As each one passes to his little iron-barred apartment he is handed his dish of mush and molasses. He finds a cup of crust coffee on a small bracket just outside his door. This he takes inside with him. After this the doors are closed by the convicts themselves, and the keeper of each gang walks along his gallery and locks his men in. After 9 o'clock every man is supposed to be wrapped in slumber. At any rate, he must be as quiet as though he were sound asleep. No noises or talking are permitted; anyone who breaks this rule is "chalked in." "Chalked in," means that the cell door will be chalked and the inmates locked in in the morning for punishment. The north "wing," which is the largest of the two wings, offers the best opportunity for night scenes. The guards are compelled to make their rounds every half hour. The corridors are kept brightly lighted to prevent attempts at escape. The guards wear shoes made of cloth, which render their footsteps noiseless. The convicts call these shoes "sneaks," as the guards wearing them are enabled to creep along the galleries silently, and often surprise convicts in transgression of the rules.

There are five long galleries in the north wing, and nearly a thousand convicts, when the prison is full, locked in the cells. A night may pass without a single sound being heard. The men may read until the time arrives for them to put out their lights and turn in, but it is seldom that the day breaks without the quiet having been disturbed. The stillness is oppresive and a shrill whistle from some mischief-bent prisoner falls with a startling effect upon the ear. It is the delight of some of the men to make trouble, and in the middle of the night one of them may burst out with a loud cry, a sharp peal of laughter, or something of that nature. Detection is almost impossible, owing to the large number of cells and the nearness of the convicts to each other.

One convict, a boy of eighteen, tantalized the guards night after night for a long time by ever and anon piping a roundelay in a piercing whistle. It was difficult to locate the fellow, but finally he was caught in the act and for his pleasure he suffered an application of the paddle, which had a salutary effect, as he never afterward engaged in such business. It requires but little to set a whole gallery in an uproar. Convicts are easily influenced, and any incentive at night will unloose their tongues. As by some hook or crook they obtain the daily papers, they keep well posted. They know of every political or other kind of demonstration, and are prepared for it. Any unusal disturbance in the vicinity of the prison is sure to create a hubbub inside the walls. One night a cannon was fired near the prison. This, with the exultant cries of the crowd who were discharging it, awoke all the prisoners in the north wing. Some of the convicts began to shout. Others took up the refrain, and in less time than it takes to tell the whole wing was in confusion. For an hour or more the men yelled like mad, and no effort of the guard could stop them. Finally the noise subsided and peace reigned once more. Although it was late at night, a large assemblage collected outside of the prison, attracted by the yelling. It was supposed that an insurrection had broken out.

There was one man who would insist every night for a time, about 12 o'clock, in indulging in a demoniacal laughter that reverberated thrcugh the corridors. This was invariably taken up by the other convicts, and the great wing fairly rang with the laughter from ten hundred lips. The effect would almost drive one wild. When all join in the disturbance the convicts do not care if the guards are watching them, and they know the whole wing would not be chalked in, and one could not be left in without leaving all the others. One convict was "locked" in a cell in which a hideous-looking negro died. This man would scream in the dead of the night, "For God's sake, don't kill me! Spare me, spare me!" He imagined that the dead negro was clutching at his throat and strangling him to death. The man's appeals were pitiful, and he would be found cowed in the corner of his cell, trembling with fear. The officers of the prison were compelled to remove him to another cell. Had he remained in his old cell he would have gone mad. This man's fearful cry would instantly arouse the other convicts and send them all into a shriek of alarm. The men acted as if they were all afraid.

Ghosts are frequently seen by a superstitious convict who imagines he sees one and is certain to shout the information to the remainder of the prisoners. "Ghosts, ghosts!" will sound through the long wing. The convicts, if they dislike a guard, may apply epithets to him with perfect impunity. Every man will join in the attack. The poor guard has no recourse. He cannot find out who assailed him. One Fourth of July night, when the guns were booming, the convicts concluded to indulge in a jollification among themselves. An enthusiastic convict started the song "Marching through Georgia." Every tongue took it up, and the refrain rolled out through the grated windows of the street and drew an immense concourse. Not unfrequently the infection spreads to the south wing, which is much smaller, directly across the court. With the two wings yelling at the top of their lungs, it would make the hair of those unaccustomed to the sound to stand on the end. It is easy to calculate the noise that could be created by from thirteen hundred to fifteen hundred men. At 6 o'clock in the morning the men are required to arise, and at 6.15 they must be ready to march to the bucket ground to dump their buckets and perform their ablutions previous to going to the mess room for breakfast. After their morning meal they proceed to the shops for the labors of the day.

—Pearl fishery in England is as old as Cæsar's time.

—Nearly 3,000,000 acres of land in Ireland consists of bogs.

—Do bank directoes direct.

—Baron Rothschild left $400,000,000.

—Nearly 3,000,000 acres of land in Ireland consists of bog.

—The largest animals are fast disappearing.

American Traditions.

An English paper observes that the difference in the importance which is attached to the War of Independence in the mind of the American and in that of the Englishman is of course immense, and naturally so. To the former the spot upon which each skirmish was fought is sacred ground, while the dearth of exciting incident in their short national and colonial history drives the author and the poet with never-ceasing freshness to those with us almost forgotten fields for his story and his lay. The names and deeds of each general have been imprinted on the mind of the American from his youth up. To claim descent from those legislators and warriors who were called from comparative obscurity to be the founders of what must soon be the greatest nation upon earth to the present generation is a source of the most pardonable pride. Names and traditions that we in England have never heard—nay, the names of even British soldiers that bled for us on the long list of fruitless victories and disastrous defeats, and that we have long forgotton—still live in the fireside lore of every good American's household. When the whole facts of the case are borne in mind, and when it is recollected what a sorry figure we cut as a nation throughout the whole business, there is nothing very remarkable, perhaps, in the oblivion to which British literature has consigned those ill-starred campaigns. But in these days, when every well-informed and sensible English-man not only feels no bitterness connected with that struggle, but sympathises unreservedly with the motives that led the Colonies to fight; and which the magnitude of the great nation to which that war gave birth is considered and the growing significance that in consequence must attach to the date of its entry into the family of nations, it is a little singular how insignificant a place the events of which we speak and the participators in them occupy in the minds of even cultivated Englishmen. The almost unique perfection of Washington's career and character has, it is true, lifted him out of the obscurity that veils the names and deeds af his cotemporaries. How many are there of us for instance, to whom the name of Patrick Henry would have any significance? And yet this was the man, self taught, sprung from the lower classes, once considered too ignorant and uncouth for a coloniel country lawyer, who, by a natural eloquence so extraordinary of its kind and so remarkable for its effect that an exact parallel for it would be hard to find in history, completely crushed out the clinging to the mother country that was so strong through the Southern colonies, then the most important portion of the continent. It is was the sword of Washington that actually severed the bonds of union, it may also be said that it was the voice of Henry that caused it to unsheathed. For if the South had not risen, Washington would most certainly have remained at home, for a strong sense of duty only drove him to the field, and he owned no kind of allegiance to anything but his own colony, Virginia.

A Steam Passenger Catamaran.

The new steam catarmaran which John Evertsen, of Troy, N. Y., is intending to put on the route between Westerly and Watch Hill as a passenger boat, lately arrived at Providence, so says *The Journal* of that city. She is of very light draught, of only forty-five tons burden, with hull sixty feet long and beam six feet, and a carrying capacity of about 400 persons. The following are some of the novelties of her construction: First, the propeller, which is hung amidships and between the hulls of the vessel, the power being applied by a double engine; second, the manner of working the engine, which the pilot does from the pilot-house, where a starting lever and reversing lever are located, dispensing with customary signals by bells, though the services of an engineer are required for all other purposes. There are two decks, main and promenade. On the former, which is elliptical in form, are the cabin, engine and boiler-room, and the steward's pantry, with a broad path all around, and rail of usual heigth. A companionway leads to the upper deck, which is broad and open, with only the pilot-house and captain's room to break the space. How fast the boat is, is yet to be shown. The owners claim that this is the first boat of its class to which steam has been successfully applied, four having been previously built, none of which operated satisfactorily.

To Husbands.

Always complain of being tired, and remember that nobody else gets tired.

Your wife should always have everything in readiness for you, but you should not do anything for her.

When your wife asks for money, give her a nickel, ask her what she intends to do with it, and when she tells you, ask her if she can't do without it.

Then go down town and spend ten times the amount for cigars, for they are a necessity.

Go down town of an evening, stand around on the street corner and talk politics; its more interesting than to stay at home with your family.

Charge your wife not to gossip but you can spin all the yarns you wish.

Have your wife get up and make fires, but don't get up yourself till the rest of the family are eating breakfast, as you might take cold.

Wear old clothes and make yourself as untidy as possible until your wife's health fails, then it would be best to fix up some, for in all probability you will want another when she is gone.

Have a smile for everybody you meet, but get a frown on before you go home.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 19., '82

THE MILLHEIM JOURNAL

Is published every Thursday, in Musser's Building, corner of Main and Penn streets at

$1.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE

Or $1.25 if not paid in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 week.	1 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	1 year.
square....	$1 00	$2 00	$3 00	$4 00	$6 00
column...	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00	15 00
column...	5 00	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00
1 column..	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00	60 00

One inch makes a square. Administrators and Executors' Notices $2.50. Transient advertisements and locals 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Job Work done on short notice.

DEININGER & BUMILLER,

Editors and Proprietors.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

P. C. Weidenmyer and J. M. Dick, preachers.

Rev. P. C. Weidenmyer will preach next Sunday evening, English.

Sunday School, 2 P. M.—M. I. Jamison, supt.

Methodist.

Rev. J. Benson Akers, Preacher-in-charge.

Sunday School at 1½ P. M.—D. A. Musser, supt.

Reformed.

Rev. C. W. E. Siegel, Pastor.

United Brethren.

Rev. Shannon, Preacher-in-charge.

Preaching next Sunday morning.

Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor.—German preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday morning, and in Millheim in the evening—English.

United Sunday School.

Meets at 9 A. M.—H. E. Duck, supt.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 935, I. O. O. F. meets in their hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening. Rebecca Degree Meeting every Thursday on or before the full moon of each month.
B. F. STOVER, Sec. R. B. HARTMAN, N. G.

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H., meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M.
D. L. ZERBY, Sec. T. G. ERHARD, Master.

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month.
A. WALTER, Sec. B. O. DEININGER, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings.
J. B. Hartman, Sec. John Kreamer, Pres't.

The Power of Cameron's Machine.

From the New York Times, Rep.

In no other State of the Union has a political "machine," mainly organized and controlled by one man, so thoroughly fastened itself upon the Republican party as in Pennsylvania. Nowhere else has a party "boss" exhibited a tithe of the power that the elder Cameron exercised for years in that great State.

How Two More Republican Senators Can be Made.

The movement to make another "rotten borough" state by admitting a part of Dakotah territory into the Union, is progressing quite as favorably as its republican projectors could desire. The chairman of the house committee on teritories is said to be favorable to the scheme, and it will most probably be made a party measure by the republicans, as they hope to gain two United States senators and a representative in congress by the creation of the new state. There is scarcely a congressional district in New York or Pennsylvania that has not more population than the portion of Dakotah which it is proposed to erect into a state. But the injustice which will be done the other members of the Union by the admission of this part of a territory to equal rights with them in the United States senate willnot have any weight with the scurvy politicians who now dominate the councils of the republican party. Their philosophy is simply that of the desperado who excuses his villainy on the ground that the end justifies the means.—*Patriot.*

The following is the classic style in which the *Washington Republic*, the chaste organ of the Star routers, abuses that honest and faithful public servant, Ex Post Master General James.

Truly "Some praises censure, some censures praise:"

A reformer and an official; a hireling by nature and a pap-sucker by profession; a master of cunning and an adept in craft; fawning upon his superiors and tyrannizing over his subordinates; he was in all positions the same inflated, incompetent and self-seeking failure; the same spineless and ignorant figure-head; a man without honor, an official without capacity and a perjurer without shame.

SMALL POX—The National Board of Health reports the prevalence of the small pox in eighteen States and three Territories, to a greater or less extent. In portions of Dakotah, it has assumed the nature of a plague. The New York police on last Wednesday found an entire family of six persons down with the disease. For the week ending Saturday deaths were reported as follows: At Pittsburg, 25; Cincinati 14; New York city, 11; Philadelphia, 11.

The Cameron state convention will meet at Harrisburg, May 10th, and the Independent's will hold their convention at Philadelphia, May 24th. The time and place for the Democratic convention has not yet been fixed. With three candidates for Governor in the field a lively campaign may be expected with an even chance at least for the Democrats.

At the republican primaries in Philadelphia the other Tuesday the Independent or Wolf element was pretty generally ostracized. Many of the most prominent republicans and best citizens of the city were sneered at and hooted, and their votes refused because they had identified themselves with the independent movement last fall. The machine men told them that they had forfeited their right of being considered republicans; but it remains for these men, as the better part of the republican party to show the bosses next fall that they have not forfeited their rights as citizens and voters.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, *January* 14, 1882.

Mr. Orth's raid on the Speaker of the House terminated the other day as most persons thought it would end. There is abundant reason for a revolution; but, in his present position, with a sore head prominently in view, Mr. Orth is not the man to lead the revolt. If one of the gentlemen who drew the big prize in the Speaker's lottery—say the chairman of the committee on ways and means, or the head of the committee on appropriations—would give the movement the influence of his voice and vote, perhaps it might have a better chance for success. The very respectable vote in favor of Mr. Orth's proposition shows that a good many men in as well as out of Congress think that the Speaker has too much power as things go. He can sufficiently control the legislation of the country by recognizing or refusing to recognize gentlemen on the floor, without having also in his hands the power of making all the committees. No monarch in Europe wields so despotic a sway.

Senator Brown has a resolution pending in the Senate to provide each Senator, who is not the chairman of a committee, with a clerk at a salary of $1,200 per year. Mr Brown holds that a clerk is necessary to a Senator if the latter properly discharge his duties to his State and people, and in this opinion every Senator agrees with him. There is not probably a Senator in the body who could unaided keep up with his correspondence. But the question is, shall the Senator or the people pay for this clerk? The Senator receives a salary of $5,000 a year, besides mileage, and $125 a year for newspapers and stationery, as compensation for the time and labor required of him in his public position. It is claimed that to live within this salary and maintain himself and family in keeping with a Senator's position, requires the most rigid economy. There are Senators who have no income beyond their salary, and the question of paying a clerk out of that is an important one to them A committee clerk has come to be regarded, really, more as the private secretary of the chairman of the committee than as an assistant for all the members thereof. That is why chairmen of committees are excluded from the benefits of Mr. Brown's resolution. If the Senators would vote as they feel inclined this resolution would be adopted, but dread of the disapproval of the public will influence votes enough to defeat it.

The Committee on Ways and Means, headed by its chairman, Representative Kelley, of Pennsylvania, to-day paid visits to the President, Secretary Folger, and Commissioner Raum. There was nothing special in these visits, they being an established custom with all new ways and means committees. There was a general conversation between members of the committee and the officers visited.

The talk is now that Ex-Senator Sargent has tripped up on his expected Cabinet appointment. His friends however, have not abandoned effort on his behalf.

The following amusing incident occurred in the House yesterday:

One of the officers of the Senate intrusted a page of the House with his autograph book, instructing him to get the autographs of new members. Among others to whom the page handed the book was the Hon. W. R. Moore, of Tennessee. Mr. Moore, thinking the book belonged to the boy, wrote on it in bold, conspicious characters: "be a good boy and you will grow to be a good man." It is not definitely known which of the Senate officers the book belonged to, but it is believed to be Jim Christie, assistant doorkeeper.

The House Committee on the Judiciary, Representative Reed, of Maine, chairman, met yesterday morning and agreed to hear persons interested in the distribution of the remainder of the Geneva Award Fund. On Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday of next week, from 10 to 12 a. m., each branch of the question will be heard, including depredations by cruisers, war premiums, and the insurance companies. Chairman Reed says he intends to give each branch two hours' hearing. It is the unanimous desire of members of the committee that this subject shall be disposed of as early as possible.

A. W.

NEW RULES IN THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE.—

At the first meeting of our new board of County Commissioners the following resolutions and rules were adopted, which commend themselves as eminently proper and necessary:

Resolved, That the present board of commissioners be governed by the following rules and regulations, and for the information of the public it is ordered that they be published for four successive weeks in each newspaper of the county:

1st. That the commissioners meet in their office in the Court House, Bellefonte, on the first and third Tuesday of each month, at ten o'clock, A. M., and remain in session until four o'clock, P. M.

2nd. All goods and materials for the use of the county must be purchased by the commissioners or by their order.

3d. All bills presented to the board for payment must be itemized; and no order shall be drawn for any bill until the board has approved the same.

4th. No goods or material of any kind for the use of the county shall be furnished by any of the commissioners.

JOHN WOLF,
H. C. CAMPBELL } Commissioners.
A. J. GRIEST,

Attest: W. MILES WALKER, C'lerk. 2-4t

STRAY NOTICE.—Came to the residence of the subscriber, in Haines township, about Oct. 1st a gray boar, weighing about 130 pounds, white with black spots, left ear slit, no other marks. The owner is requested to take the same away and pay charges, otherwise it will be sold as the law directs.

CHARLES N. WOLF.

Haines township, Jan. 3, 1882. 3t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Jared Fulmer, late of Miles township, deceased, all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN K. HOSTERMAN, Administrator.

2-6t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Daniel Kreamer, late of Penn township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES P. CONURN, Executor.

Aaronsburg, Jan. 5th 1882. 6t

STRAYED OR LOST.—Two heifers have strayed away from the residence of the subscriber, in Woodward, since the later part of July. They are dark brown, one a little heavier with white spot on either side. Any person finding these heifers is kindly requested to give information to me.

DANIEL VONADA.

6t.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of John Eby, late of Haines township' Centre county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the subscribers, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for payment.

MICHAEL EBY,
SAMUEL EBY, Executors.

49-6t

PATENTS

We continue to act as Solicitors for Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, etc., for the United States, Canada, Cuba, England, France, Germany, etc. We have had **thirty-five years' experience.**

Patents obtained through us are noticed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN. This large and splendid illustrated weekly paper, **$3.20** a year, shows the Progress of Science, is very interesting, and has an enormous circulation. Address MUNN & CO., Patent Solicitors, Pub's. of SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, 37 Park Row, New York. Hand book about Patents free.

L. C. & S. C. RAIL ROAD.

TRAINS LEAVE WESTWARD.

	1 A. M.	3 A. M.	5 P. M.	7 P. M.
Montandon	7.00	9.45	2.20	6.45
Lewisburg	ar 7.15	10.00	2.35	7.00
Lewisburg	lv 7.25			
Fair Ground	7.30	10.06	2.40	
Biehl	7.41	10.21	2.51	
Vicksburg	7.47	10.30	2.57	
Mifflinburg	8.03	10.51	3.13	
Millmont	8.25	11.20	3.35	
Laurelton	8.35	ar 11.35	3.46	
Wicker Run	9.09		4.11	
Cherry Run	9.17		4.20	
Fowler	9.37		4.39	
Coburn	9.48		5.02	
Spring Mills	10.15		ar 5.30	

TRAINS LEAVE EASTWARD.

	2 A. M.	4 A. M.	6 P. M.	8 P. M.
Montandon	ar 6.50	ar 9.30	ar 1.20	ar 6.30
Lewisburg	6.35	9.15	1.05	6.15
Fair Ground		9.10	1.00	6.10
Biehl		9.01	12.48	6.00
Vicksburg		8.56	12.43	5.55
Mifflinburg		8.43	12.25	5.40
Millmont		8.25	12.02	5.20
Laurelton		8.15	11 50	5.10
Wiker Run		7.48		4.47
Cherry Run		7.41		4.39
Fowler		7.10		4.10
Coburn		6.58		4.00
Spring Mills		6.30		3.30

Trains Nos. 1 and 2 connect at Montandon with Erie Mail west for Williamsport, Lock Haven, Kane, Corry and Erie, and Buffalo and Niagara Falls via Emporium, also Elmira, Watkins, Buffalo and Niagara Falls via Canandaigua.

Nos. 3 and 4 connect with Pacific Express east for Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

Nos. 5 and 6 connect with Day Express east for Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York, and Niagara Express west for Williamsport, Lock Haven and Renovo, Tyrone, Altoona and Pittsburg via Lock Haven, also Elmira, Watkins and Buffalo, and Niagara Falls via Canandaigua.

Nos. 7 and 8 connect with Fast Line west for Williamsport and Lock Haven.

No. 8 also connects with Erie Mail east for Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Div.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, Dec 19th, 1881, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia	11 55 p. m.
"	" Harrisburg	4 25 a. m
"	" Sunbury	6 30 a m
"	" Williamsport	8 40 a. m
"	" Lock Haven.	9 40 a. m
"	" Renovo	11 05 a .m
"	" Kane	3 50 p.m
"	arr. at Erie	7 45 p. m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves	Philadelphia	8 00 a. m
"	" Harrisburg	12 15 p. m
"	" sunbury	1 50p.m
"	" Williamsport	3 15 p. m
"	" Lock Haven.	4 20 p. m
"	" Renovo	5 30 p. m
"	arr. at Kane	10.05 a. m
FAST LINE leaves	Philadelphia	11 20 p. m.
"	" Harrisburg	3 05 p. m.
"	" sutbury	5 15 p.m.
"	" Williamsport	7 10 p. m.
"	arr. at Lock Haven	8 10 p. m.

EASTWARD.

Lock Haven EX. leaves	Lock Haven..	7 50 a. m
"	" Williamsport.	9 05 a. m
"	" Sunbury	10 50 a m
"	arr. at Harrisburg	12.5 5 p. m
"	" Philadelphia.	5 15 p. m
FAST LINE leaves	Cananpaigua	7 05 d. m
"	" Watkin	8 40 p. m
"	" Elmira	9 30 p. m
"	" Willmasport	12 15 a. m
"	" Sunbury	1 32 a. m
"	arr. at Harrisburg	3 15 a. m
"	" Philadelphia	7 00 a, m
DAY EXPRESS leaves	Kane	6 00 a, m
"	" Renovo	10 05 a .m
"	" Lock Haven	11 15 a. m
"	" Williamsport	12 15 p. m
"	arr. at Harrisburg ..	3 50 p. m
"	" Philadelphia	7 05 p. m
ERIE MAIL leaves	Erie	11 35 p. m
"	" Kane	4 10 a. m.
"	" Renovo	9 00 a. m.
"	" Lock Haven	10 10 p. m.
"	" Williamsport	11 30 p. m.
"	" Sunbury	1 05 a. m
"	arr. at Harrisburg	3 00 a. m
"	Philadelphia	7 00 a. m

Erie Mail and Fast Line and Pacific Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Fast Line West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north

Niagara express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with B. P. & W. R. R; at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Express West and Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, General Sup't.

The Model Grocery.

S. P. KERSTETTER,

Proprietor.

MARKET STREET LEWISBURG, PA.

Dealer in first class Groceries of a kinds, Flour and Feed, Wood an Wlow Ware.

Queensware a Speciality.

sell a *White Granite Tea Sett*, 46 *pieces, for* $300. All other Queensware in proportion.

STORE CLOSED!

THE

BEE HIVE STORE

OF

LOCK HAVEN

Was Closed Friday, January 6th, 1882, to mark down the entire stock of Dry Goods, to close them out before taking account of stock February 1st, 1882.

We will enumerate some of our Greatest Bargains, beginning in the

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

In this we will offer you an elegant line of brocade dress goods at 6¼ cts; a lot of all wool 23-inch cashmere at 12½ cts, these are in black only; a lot of fancy plaids greatly redueed, a lot of all wool armures greatly reduced, together with a full line of all wool cashmeres in black and colors.

Fancy flannel suitings in all the newest shades.

Plain silks in black and colors brocade silks in black and colors, Satins, Satin Marveloo, &c.

NOTION & HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

In this line of goods we will save you 20 PER CENT. during this great sale; we have reduced all goods in this department as in every other, such as Hosiery, Gloves, Buttons, Laces, Fringes, Gimps, Corsets, in fact everything in Notions that is kept in a first class dry goods store.

Great Reduction in Woolen Goods.

Such as ladies' cloaking, men and boys' suitings, cassimeres, flannels, jeans, satinetts.

Great reduction in table linens, towels and napkins; of this goods we have an immense stock and are offering them cheaper than ever before known.

Great Reduction in Carpets,

Oil cloths—floor and table, white and colored blankets; a good grey blanket for 75 cents, fine 5-ply Carpet Chain at 25 cents.

We would call particular attention to our

COAT AND SHAWL DEPARTMENT.

We will sell you during this great sale an all wool dolman, nicely trimmed

FOR 6 DOLLARS!

Our shawls we have reduced greatly. We would rather sell them now

LESS THAN COST

than carry them over the season.

Gents', Ladies' and Children's Underwear.

On these goods we will guarantee to

SAVE YOU 20 PER CENT

by buying them now of us during the great sale. Great reduction in 5-4 6-4, 9-4 and 10-4 sheeting and pillow casing.

GREAT REDUCTION

in our entire line of Domestic Dry Goods, such as Calicoes, Muslins, Ginghams, Shirtings, Tickings and all kinds of staple Dry Goods During this great sale we will offer the

Most Extraordinary Bargains ever offered by any store in Lock Haven:

Ftrst. On account of the class of goods we offer

Second. The immense stock from which to select.

Third. The prices to which we have marked them.

OUR TERMS during this great sale, at prices to which we have marked our goods, will be EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

Sale began January 7th, 1882, to continue TO FEB. 1ST., 1882 ONLY. Everybody should call at once and see the inducements we offer for cash to reduce our stock.

WANTED—1000 *Poundi of Good Tub Washed WOOL in Exchange FOR CASH.*

BEE HIVE STORE

65 MAIN STREET, LOCK HAVEN, PA.

J. F. Everett & Co.

THE

PHILADELPHIA

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The Philadelphia Times

Now stands confessedly at the head of Philadelphia journalism in all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper. It is more complete in its news, in its special correspondence, in its varied contributions on all subjects of popular interest, and in all the qualities of a newspaper for the family circle and for the business man than any of its contemporaries, because its facilities and resources are equal to every want of a first-class national journal.

"THE WEEKLY TIMES" has nearly doubled its former large circulation during the past year. Its contributors from week to week are among the foremost men of the nation, and no department of news or literature is slighted in any number on any pretext. It is adapted as well to women as to men; hence, although its political intelligence is full and accurate and its political editorials free and fearless, liberal provision is made for literary, dramatic and musical matters, travels and adventure, fiction, poetry, fashions and the chronicle of current social events. In all these departments the pens of the best writers are engaged, while selections from other journals are made with care, taste and fullness that are unsurpassed.

THE "ANNALS OF THE WAR"—chapters of unwritten history contributed by prominent actors in the war of the rebellion, are a valuable feature of the paper and have become a recognized epository of such matters, whether from Northern or Southern sources. This department, as well as all others, will be kept fully up to the high standard of former years.

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We are now offering the largest stock and greatest variety of

Furniture, House Furnishing Goods, &c.

in the State. : : : **SBEYOND COMPETITION**, consisting in part of Rich an Furniture

All the latest Designs

in Walnut, Oak, Cherry, Mahogany and Ebony. We make a

Specialty in Parlor Suits,

and will sell them lower than any Party in the state. Prices ranging **FROM $30 TO $90.**
If you contemplate buying a

PIANO, ORGAN OR SEWING MACHINE,

it will pay you to write us for prices. We also carry a large line of extra Super, Body and Tapesty Brussels Carpets.

A Good Brussels Carpet at 70 cts. per yard.

Our stock of Plain Cut and Engraved Table Glass-ware, Plain and Decorated French China, Silver Plated-ware, Lamps and Chandeliers, &c.

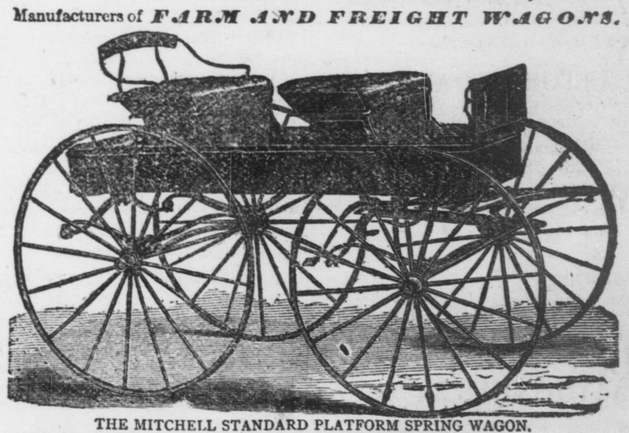
is well worth your inspection. Our sales exceed those of any House in our line in the state.

LOW PRICES DO IT.

We extend an invitation to you to visit us and will take pleasure in showing you through our various Departments.

MITCHELL, LEWIS & CO., Racine, Wis.,

Manufacturers of ***FARM AND FREIGHT WAGONS.***



THE MITCHELL STANDARD PLATFORM SPRING WAGON.

Also Three-Spring and Four-Spring Wagons, and Side-Spring Buggies.
The MITCHELL WAGON is Monarch of the Road; only the very best stock used in its construction and made by the best wagon mechanics in the world. The Spring Wagon and Buggy Department is entirely separate from the Farm Wagon shops. And for the manufacture of this class of work we have facilities unsurpassed. Send for Catalogue and Illustrated Price List.

MITCHELL, LEWIS & CO., Racine, Wis.

GO TO

SIMON BROTHERS,

THE BOSS CLOTHIERS

for your Clothing.

45 MAIN STREET,

LOCK HAVEN.

A. SIMON & SONS,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS,

keep the largest stock in the city.

143 MAIN STREET,

LOCK HAVEN.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 19., '82.

DEININGER & BUMILLER,
Editors and Proprietors.

Local Department.

—That 12½ cts. coffee at Spigelmyer's beats the town.

—Mother Maize is still confined to her bed.

—Dr. Stam has purchased Samuel Bame's property, at present occupied by Henry Brown.

—The State Temperance Union will hold its convention at Harrisburg on Friday next.

—The hands of R. Mann & Son's axe factory, at Mill Hall, one hundred and ten in number, are on a strike.

—Wilson's Humpty Dumpty Company will exhibit in the Town Hall at Millheim next Saturday evening.

—Court wil commence next Monday. A good many of our neighbors will attend the same.

—Spiglemyer sells white sugar at 10 cents, best brown at 8 and good brown at 7 cents.

—Mr. Lambert Noll, of West Buffalo township, Union Co., is to take charge of Reighard's farm, near Millheim, next spring.

—Daniel Heiser has resigned as mail agent on our rail road and Wm. H. Donehower has been appointed in his stead.

—Winter has made his appearance in earnest. Snow and ice are getting plenty and warm coalstoves are considered a charming article.

—Mr. Jacob Wolf continues to act as agent for the Lewisburg Dye Works. Shawls and other garments left at the Journal Store will receive attention. Bring them in. tf

—The new town pump on Snook's corner works like a charm, and is doing an excellent business. Those who prefer water to the other stuff, to quench the thirst, again have an even chance.

—J. A. LIMBERT, the newmail contractor, has procured a fine new wagon and is prepared to carry express packages and other goods from Coburn to Woodward and all intermediate points at reasonable charges. tf

—Mr. John H. Breon, the jolly miller at Centre Mills, can make just as much and as good flour from the same amount of wheat as any other chap that ever handled a half bushel. John knows how to do it.

—The commissioners of Berks county are refunding the county debt at four per cent. interest. We suggest that the commissioners of our county make an effort to do the same. That would be a reform of a very substantial kind.

—The merchants of Lewisburg have agreed, over there signatures, to close their places of business at 7 o'clock P. M. sharp, during the months of January and February. O but we pity the poor men and boys of that town who can't stand it at home.

—A fine line of Family Bibles, Presentation Bibles, Photograph Albums, Velvet Frames, French Vases, Beautiful Scrap Pictures, Paper Boxes, and a great variety of Fancy Goods generally. Splendid S. School, Day School and Visiting and other Cards—all very cheap, at the Journal Store. tf

—Small pox seems to be spreading over the whole land, and no town or community is safe against the dread disease. As a precautionary measure vaccination is of primary importance. Next to this cleanliness about person and premises, good ventilation and temperate habits are essential.

BIG PORKERS.—Mr. Joseph K. Moyer, of Centre Mills, comes in last but not least. He butchered five hogs last week weighing respectively 483, 416, 378, 377, and 347—average 400⅜—total 2004lbs. Well, "*Ebbes wees mer un ebbes wees mer a net: mer wees dasz die Miller grosze Saeu hen awer von wem scim Fuder sie so grosz werre, sell wees mer net.*

—If you want a nice, fine pair button gaiters for your wife or your daughter, B. F. Kister is the very chap to serve you. He makes them equally as neat as any brought from the city, much more durable, and at a very moderate price. Good honest work and no pasteboard in filling up. Just try Frank's gaiters.

—In figuring over Charley Wolfe's prospective majority for Governor, next fall, the Mifflinburg Telegraph is getting used to big figures. The following are two prime samples clipped from last week's issue:

At a meeting of the Bartholomew heirs, in Lock Haven recently, Allen Bartholomew, of Altoona, and Samuel Smith, Erie, were appointed to go to Germany and get the $40,000,000 supposed to be awaiting them there.

An investigation shows that the World Mutual Relief Association, of Lebanon, has issued $13,000,000 worth of policies the past ten months. The officers divided $400,000 among themselves.

Musical Convention in Millheim

The musical convention which was held in the M.E. Church of this place under the direction of Prof. Kurzenknabe of Harrisburg, Pa., produced a feeling of entire satisfaction with the members as well as the audience. The occasion proved a success in regard to attendance and performance. On Tuesday evening the convention was opened with prayer by Rev. John Tomlinson, which was followed by a Greeting Glee and an address of welcome by B. O. Deininger, Esq. Prof. J. H. Kurzenknabe responded to that and the election of officers for the week was proceded with. The following gentlemen were elected by acclamation: Prof. J. H. Kurzenknabe, President, Mr. S. K. Sankey, Vice President, and R. A. Bumiller, Secratary.

The sessions through out the week were conducted according to the programme and in a businesslike manner. Interesting discussions on musical topics were had, in which several of our citizens took a lively part. Another fine feature of the exercises was the elegant and delightful music executed by the orchestra under the leadership of Master Geo. J. Kurzenknabe. The Violin and Violin cello Solos performed by Masters Geo. J. and John E. Kurzenknabe were of a superior grade and elicited admiration and praise. The singing was of the best kind and proved, that where art and science work combined in music, as they ought to do the productions will be beyond criticism. Mrs. S. Kurzenknabe also participated in the exercises and agreeably surprised the hearers by her rich and melodious contralto voice. A few select solos sung by that lady kept the audience spellbound. Miss Kate L. Shriner of Mifflinburg assisted as organist of the convention and we can well say for her, that she did her duty in a faithful and laudable way. Those sweet little singers, Ida and Mollie Miller, of Mifflinburg, are a credit to their teacher, Miss Shriner.

The average attendance through the week was 100 out of a class of 105 members. The community owes a debt of gratitude to Prof. J. H. Kurzenknabe for his noble and successful efforts in awakening the dormant talents and powers of vocal music and reviving the interest and love for the same.

On Saturday evening the convention ended with a grand concert. The church was packed with a crowd of about 400 people which however observed the best order during the whole evening. Many could not gain admittance for want of room. The programme consisted of the most select and entertaining productions of music both instrumental and vocal, and was crowned with an extract of the celebrated Contata of "Esther, the beautiful Queen." Everybody agreed on the opinion that it was the best entertainment ever yet witnessed in our vicinity.

The following is a complete list of the members of the convention with their respective addresses.

ORGANIST—Miss Kate L. Shriner, Mifflinburg

SOPRANO.

Mrs. Susan M. Harter,	Millheim
" Julia W Deininger	"
" M M Gutelius	"
" S K Sankey	"
" Maggie A Zerby	"
" Lottie Harter	"
" Maggie Brown	"
" Sallie J Zeigler	Swengle
Miss Sarah E Deininger	Millheim
" Anna G Zeigler	"
" Mable M Musser	"
" Cora Reifsnyder	"
" Alice Frank	"
" A M Hartman	"
" Alice Ulrich	"
" Lizzie B Harter	"
" JennieJ Deininger	"
" Sallie Musser	"
" Francis E Deininger	"
" Ada Luse	"
" Landa Hartman	"
" Gertie Boyer	"
" Minnie Duck	"
" Mary Bright	"
" Sallie Gephart	"
" Sallie Weiser	"
" F V Swartz	"
" Sadie Laney	"
" K E Reifsnyder	"
" Maite Foote	"
" Ellen Foote	"
" Emma Eisenhuth	"
" Emma Pepper	"
" Mary Luse	"
" Libbie Mingle	"
" Rosa Keen	"
" Sallie Alter	"
" Mary M Zeigler	"
" Maggie Boyer	"
" Annie Ulrich	"
" Emma Adams	"
" Mary Mauck	"
" Lydia Gutelius	"
" Lilly Eisenhuth	"
" Theresta Weiser	"
" Clara Stover	Aaronsburg
" Ida Miller	Mifflinburg
" Bertha Yarger	Swengle
" Katie Runkle	Tusseyville
" Hattie T Lenigh	Centre Mills
" Lydia Gutelius	Mifflinburg
" Kate Bierly	Rebersburg

ALTO.

Mrs. S Kurzenknabe	Harrisburg
" H E Duck	Millheim
" Emma Tomlinson	"
Miss Annie Kerstetter	"
" Minnie Hartman	"
" Annie Alexander	"
" Maggie Alexander	"
" Lydia Albright	"
" Lilly Harter	"
" Ada Eisenhuth	"
" Mollie Miller	Mifflinburg
" Mary L Stover	Aaronsburg
" Lizzie Geiswcite	Woodward
" M V Bierly	Rebersburg
Master Herman Alter	Millheim
" C H Breon	"
" Milton Musser	"
" F E Gutelius	"

TENOR.

Mr. S. K. Sankey	Millheim
" Clymer Musser	"
" H K Luse	"
" Loyd Wolf	"
" A J Grove	"
" W K Alexander	"
" R A Bumiller	"
" R E Stover	Aaronsburg
" John D Snyder	"
" John Zeigler	Swengle

BASE.

Mr. J W Stover	Millheim
" A O Deininger	"
" Jno Hartman	"
" Wm M Dreibelbis	"
" J W Adams	"
" Wm Alter	"
" J W Lose	"
" Adam Harter	"
" Samuel Campbell	"
" Samuel Ulrich	"
" F F Weiser	"
" W W Snyder	"
" L M Stover	Aaronsburg
" H O Bower	"
" J M Runkle	Tusseyville

ORCHESTRA.

Master Geo. J. Kurzenknabe, Harrisburg, Pa., 1st Violin.
" John E. Kurzenknabe, Harrisburg, Pa., Double Basso.
Mr. C. A. Sturgis, Millheim, 2nd Violin.
" J. F. Harter, " Cornet.
" B. F. Kister, " Piccolo.

—Lewisburg has a new daily paper—*The Local News*. It is readable, bright and fresh, and we hope its four publishers and editors will soon grow rich.

—Town was unusual lively last Saturday evening; people gathered in from all directions to attend Kurzenknabe's grand Entertainment, and the payements were swarming with crowds.

—For a fine selection of Silk Hand kerchiefs, Gent's Gloves and Soaps, go to the Journal Store. Just received from the city, and sold at bottom prices.

—To close out his large winter stock, Spigelmyer will for the next sixty days sell all kinds of goods at a big reduction. They must go. Call soon and see.

—Printing sale bills is a speciality at the JOURNAL office. We have as full an assortment of job type as any office in the county and our prices are reasonable. Come along with your work.

—Mr. James McCormick, of Harrisburg has a bible class of over two hundred male members. What a noble way these men have to spend at least one evening in a week.

—There is no better place in Penn's Valley, or for that matter in Centre county, to buy furniture, than W. R. Camp's at Centre Hall. Mr Camp understands his business thoroughly and is a square man to deal with. His furniture is made of the best material, well put together, neat and tasty in design and of excellent finish. If you need anything in his line you would do well to give him a call, and examine his stock and prices before going elsewhere.

J. F. EVERETT & Co.,—the proprietors of the Mammoth Bee Hive Store, at Lock Haven, again come before the public in a new advertisment. Be sure to read it, for it is to your interest as well as theirs. Their stock of goods is so large, their assortment so full, and they treat their customers so fairly, that people always leave their store delighted. Their immense business, which constantly increases, enables them to sell so very low. If you go to Lock Haven don't fail to call at the popular Bee Hive.

—The other week we got a good joke on Lewin, the genial and popular clothier of the Philadelphia Branch, at Bellefonte. He thought he could *suit* us in a *suit* of clothing—but he could not. Among all the hundreds of *suits*, of every possible grade and price, there was not a single *suit* to *suit* us. The fault however was not in the *suits* so much as with ourselves—or rather our Creator, who made us a trifle too big in circumference for Lewins *suits*. But Lewin did not consent to be baffled in that way, and so he tied two tape measures together, took our size and ordered a *suit* to be made expressly for us in Philadelphia. He assured us—and his word is as good as old wheat—that the coming *suit* will *suit* us exactly. It is to be of fine blue cloth, of fashionable cut and make, simply a grand affiar throughout. When it comes(?) we will wear it, for we sadly need it, and feed as happy as a May—shaw, we forget the animal's name. Very naturally we will feel a trifle independent for a while and won't care to have just anybody speak to us—but we will never go back on those who have befriended us in *adversity*. No—never.

News Miscellany.

Fun of the Side-Spliting Sort.

From the Territorial Enterprise.

The favorite amusement of the Arizona cowboys is shooting off each other's hats for the whiskey. If, unfortunately, a "boy" misses the hat and kills the man he has to stand the drinks for the whole crowd. The barkeeper, in the latter contingency, cheerfully pays the funeral expenses.

The widow of Col. Richard, of Indiana, Pa., recently received $6080 pension from the government.

A Fight With Muderers.

WATSONVILLE, Cal., January 10.—The residents of this place are greatly excited to-day over the news of an encounter that took place in the mountains last evening between a posse of police and two murderers named Ignacio Tijada and John Leal. The police pursued them into a thickly-wooded portion of the mountains and discovered them secreted in a hollow tree. As the police approached the murderers opened fire on them with revolvers. The police returned the fire until both men dropped their arms. They then rushed in on the pair and found that Leal was mortally wounded and Tijada shot through the body and suffering greatly. As the police passed through the town toward the jail with their prisoners they were followed by a mob, who threatened to lynch the prisoners.

A new law in Kansas forbids any person to marry within six months after procuring a divorce. It ought to be amended so as to make it six years.

Henry Harper hang himself on a chestnut tree on the 30th ult., near Jersey Shore, because his father refused to allow him to bring his wife home.

Our neighbor of the *Watchman*, in the following article hit the truth exactly and fully touching the treatment of our distinguished member of congress, by Speaker Keifer. If the petty speaker and Ex-Gov. Curtin were made the factors in a problem of simple equations, any decent mathematician not a stalwart would easily find that it required at least fifty contemptible Keifers to equal one Curtin. The attempt of the little man, clothed with a little brief authority, to degrade our illustrious member and insult our far-famed district, proves entirely futile—falls flatly before the American people:

Governor Curtin and Speaker Keifer

The representative of this congressional district, our fellow townsman, Governor CURTIN, was most discourteously treated by Speaker KEIFER in the making up of his committees, and the Elk *Democrat* indignantly says that he was almost entirely ignored by the speaker, who placed him upon but one committee, and that a comparatively insignificant one. Appreciating the studied slight thus put upon one of Pennsylvania's most illustrious son's ex-Speaker RANDALL relinquished his place upon one of the committees in favor of the Governor. The Philadelphia *Times* of the 27th ult. has this to say upon the subject: "It is possible that Speaker KEIFER, or those who command him, supposed that they were degrading ex-Governor CURTIN by disregarding the courtesy that has ever been observed by speakers in assigning him his positions on committees The rule has been that ex-Governors of any party are entitled to a place on foreign relations, or some equally prominent committee; but CURTIN, who has been twice elected governor of the second state of the Union and filled a first-class mission for four years, is denied any recognition in the organization of the committees of the house. Had Speaker KEIFER respected himself, he would have placed CURTIN on foreign relations; and in refusing to do so he has degraded the speaker and his high office, and not ex-Governor CURTIN.

The Bellefonte *Republican* gives General Beaver a boost to the extent of an entire page in the shape of an extract from other republican papers favoring the General's nomination for Govoner. Not at all necessary, brother Tuten. The bosses have decreed his nomination and that fixes the matter irrevocably.

HEAVY DAMAGES.—Mr. James A. Robinson, while traveling in Jackson township, Perry county, by night, had his buggy upset by an embankment in the middle of the road. He was thrown out and had an arm broken in several places, besides receiving other injuries. Suit was brought against the township and the jury awarded Mr. Robinson $3,530.

MARRIED.

On the 15th inst., at the residence of Mr. John Klinefelter, in Madisonburg, by Rev. W. H. Stover, Mr. Charles C. Shultz, of Miles township to Miss Annie M. Shafer, of Logan township, Clinton Co.

(Lock Haven Journal please copy.)

Millheim Market.

Corrected every Wednesday by Gephart & Musser.

Wheat	1.25
Corn	80
Rye	85
Oats White	56
Buckwheat	
Flour	6.50
Bran & Shorts, per ton	25.00
Salt, per Brl	1.75
Plaster, ground	10.00
Cement, per Bushel	45 to 50
Barley	
Timothyseed	2.00
Flaxseed	
Cloverseed	4.00 to 4.90
Butter	30
Hams	12
Sides	10
Veal	
Pork	
Beef	
Eggs	30
Potatoes	1.00
Lard	11
Tallow	
Soap	6
Dried Apples	5
Dried Peaches	
Dried Cherries	

COAL MARKET AT COBURN.

Egg Coal	$5.00
Stove "	5.20
Chestnut	4.80
Pea	3.50
Pea by the car load	3.20

Fifty cents per ton additional when delivered in Millheim.

DR. J. W. STAM
is now permanently located at
MILLHEIM,
and will give prompt attention to all medical calls at his office in
C. F. Deininger's house on Main Street.

Try DR. STAM'S SPECIFIC PILE MEDICINE—it gives instant relief.

ESTABLISHED IN 1865.

HOWARD A. SNOW,
SOLICITOR OF
AMERICAN AND FOREIGN
PATENTS,
SUCCESSOR TO
GILMORE, SMITH & CO.,
AND
CHIPMAN, HOSMER & CO.
WASHINGTON D. C.

Patents procured upon the plan that was originated and successfully practiced by the above-named firm.
Pamphlet of sixty pages sent upon receipt of stamp.

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STEAM DYE WORKS
LEWISBURG, PA.
W Davis,
Proprietor.

My Factory has all the machinery and facilities of a first class establishment of its kind. My experience in the business extends over many years, both in this country and in Europe, and am therefore enabled to do strictly first class work at moderate prices.

THE JOURNAL STORE,
Millheim, P,
has accepted an agency from me. All goods brought there for dying will be returned free of extra charge.

READERS!
When in want of a pair of Boots, Shoes or Rubbers send to Kamp's Lock Haven an you can get them as low as in Philadelphia or New York. If they don't suit you, you can return them and get your money back. First class goods at low prices is my motto.
JACOB KAMP.
To Country dealers, I will sell at wholesale prices, freight added.

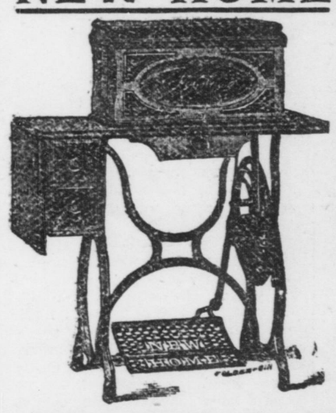
P. GEPHART B. A. MUSSER
GEPHART & MUSSER
DEALERS IN
Clover
Flour, &
Feed,
Coal,
Plaster
& Salt
MILLHEIM PA.,
Highest market price paid for all kinds of
GRAIN
Delivered either at the BRICK MILL or at the old MUSSER MILL, in MILLHEIM.

COAL, PLASTER & SALT
Always on hand and sold at prices that defy competition.
A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited. 38-1y

POTTERY
Millheim, Centre Co., Penna.
ULRICH & CO.,
PROPRIETORS,
would most respectfully inform the public that they are now prepared to manufacture everything in their line of first class quality. They have found a superior kind of clay and will constantly keep on hand a full line of
CROCKERY, BREAD & PIE DISHES, PLAIN & FANCY FLOWER POTS, STOVE COLLARS, &c.
ysHoping to merit the confidence of the public qu furnishing the best grade of ware they would epectfully solicit a share of its patronage. 1y

CENTRE HALL
Furniture Store
WM. R. CAMP,
PROPRIETOR.
Walnut & Fancy Chamber Suits, Lounges, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Sinks, WASHSTANDS, Parlor Tables, Breakfast Tables, Extension Tables, Wood and Cane Seat Chairs, Mattresses, Spring Beds, and everything else in the Furniture line at the lowest prices. I hope to merit the patronage of the public by good work and moderate prices. Please call and see my stock before you go out of your own valley for your furniture. You can do fully as well at home as you can anywhere else.
TRY ME!

ANNUAL
CLOSING SALE
Heavy Winter Goods!!!
Although the year just closed has been a very favorable one and our sales for 1881 were fully fifty per cent greater than in 1880, and our December trade the largest we ever had, yet owing to the unfavorable weather for heavy winter goods, we have a large stock of
OVERCOATS,
in nearly all grades and sizes at present. Also
Winter Gloves,
and
Winter Caps
any of which will be sold at COST an some below COST. If you desire a good Overcoat cheap now is the best chance you will get for a long time.
WHITCOMB'S MAMMOTH STORE,
LOCK HAVEN, PA

THE ONLY PERFECT
SEWING MACHINE.
THE LIGHT-RUNNING
NEW HOME

Rapidly superceding all others wherever introduced.
Pronounced by an army of happy purchasers to be the BEST.
The NEW HOME is positively The Simplest, Easiest Running, Most Reliable, and Most Durable Sewing Machine ever invented.
It operates Quickly, Quietly, and without fatigue to the operator.
Full information, Descriptive Catalogues, &c., free on application.
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And Orange, Mass.

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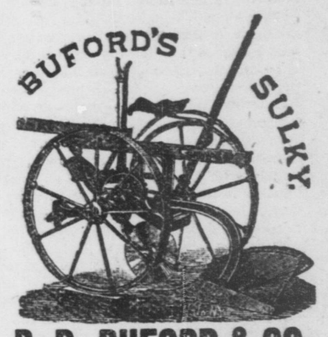
The celebrated Washington Vein of
ROOFING SLATES
for Roofs, &c., from the famous Slate quarries of Slatington, Lehigh County, Pa.,
Can Now Be Bought
at the most reasonable rates of the undersigned who is a practical Slate Roofer of many years experience. Those in want of Slate and Roofing done can secure the same at the
VERY LOWEST RATES.
Old buildings re-roofed at the lowest rates, without the assistance of other mechanics. For prices and termes call on or write to the undersigned at H. K. Whitman's residence, Broadway Street, near P. & E. Depot. Milton Pa.,
DUAN NEFF,
Agent.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.) where advertising contracts can be made for it IN NEW YORK.



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COMBINED
LISTER AND CORN DRILL,
Harrows, etc., etc.
Branch Houses.
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Write for our Diary, mailed free.

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Vertical & Spark-Arresting Engines from 2 to 12 horse-power, mounted or unmounted. Best and Cheapest Engines made. $150 upwards. Send for Illustrated Catalogue U for information and price to
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Box 846, Corning, N. Y.

D. H. HASTINGS,
Attorney-at-Law,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office on Allegheny street, two doors west of office formerly occupied by the firm of Yocum & Hastings.

S. H. YOCUM,
Attorney-at-Law,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

AGRICULTURE.

PRESERVING VEGETABLES IN WINTER.—To keep beets, carrots and turnips from wilting it is a good plan to put them up in barrels with heads, or to pile them in the cellar about four feet deep, and cover the pile with a little straw or coarse litter, to prevent evaporation. If the cellar is kept cool they will not sprout and grow; but this is not always easy to do, as mild weather approaches in spring, at which season a good pit keeps the roots in better order than any cellar can do. To keep squashes well very different conditions are essential. The squash is a tropical plant, and will not well endure cold weather, even an approach to the freezing point below 40 deg. injures them for keeping, and if the temperature can be kept uniformly above 50 deg. from the time they are harvested it will be all the better; free circulation of air is essential also, especially when they are first gathered, and for several weeks afterward. A cellar with a furnace in it, where the temperature is not above 50 deg. will keep them well. But a cellar without a fire is too damp and cold, and they will not keep long in it. One of the best places to be found in most houses for keeping squashes is a closet against the kitchen chimney. They need looking over every two weeks to pick out the specked ones; they keep pretty well till spring if carefully watched. The hard shelled squashes like the Hubbard and Marblehead, keep much better that the turban and marrow varieties, which are mostly used in autumn for pies, etc. Tomatoes picked quite green, just before frost endangers their destruction, and spread out upon the benches of a green house, or under the grass of a hot bed, will ripen after several days exposure to the warmth of the sun, and prove very acceptable after the frost has destroyed the vines. String beans may be easily dried by spreading them on a roof or other convenient places, and furnish an excellent winter dish; they need only be soaked and cooked as if freshly picked. This method is not so generally known and practiced as it should be. String beans are a delicate dish in midwinter, and well worth the slight trouble of saving them. Lima beans, shelled and dried, make most excellent stewed beans in the winter season, so much better than ordinary pea beans that one would be quite surprised at the difference who had never before tried it.

DR. MANLY MILES contributes the following on rotation of crops to the *American Agriculturist*; 'In a well planned system of farming, the subject of crop rotations should be carefully considered, as one of the essential elements of success in its highest and best sense. It seems to be the prevailing opinion that the alternation of crops, in systematic order, is a modern invention that was gradually developed as a direct result of the applications of science to the art of agriculture. The early writers on agricultute, even from the times of the Greeks and Romans, have, however, quite unifoemly urged the advantages of a succession of crops from the teachings of experience. They were satisfied that a variety of crops grown in succession, all other conditions being equal, would give a greater aggregate yield than could otherwise be obtained. The reasons for the success of the system could not. it is true, be given, but practical men were fully agreed in urging its importance, and many systems of rotation, more or less perfect, were planned some of which became the prevailing rule of farm practice in particular localities. That these practical rules of alternating crops of different habits and modes of growth are based on correct, but not fully explained, principles, has been shown by direct experiment."

SEEDING TO GRASS.—Before sowing grass seed the farmer should make certain of having a good seed-bed. More mistakes are made concerning the preparation of land for grass than for any other crop. It is no uncommon thing to see a farmer simply running over a plot, where potatoes were grown the previous year, with a cultivator, then following with a harrow. We have seen extreme cases where even the harrow was omitted, the seed sown immediately after the cultivator, then simply bushing in the seed, leaving it to make its way as best it can. Others will use a one-horse plow to turn under the corn butts, getting in the seed with as little labor as possible. In our experience the best practice is to plow a good deep furrow, followed by a thorough harrowing; and after sowing to bush the seed in and use the roller faithfully.

OF all poultry breeding the rearing of the goose in favorable situations is said to be the least troublesome and most profitable. It is not surprising, therefore, that the trade has of late years been enormously developed. Geese will live to a certain extent and thrive on the coarsest grasses.

WHEN timothy and red top are sown it is best to use a bushel of red top, a peck or eleven pounds of timothy, also adding six pounds of red clover, which amounts to very liberal seeding and should yield a fair crop of hay about the first of September.

THE editor of the Gettysburg *Compiler* suggests to the farmers of Adams county that instead of applying phosphate to corn in the Spring, they make a trial of sowing broadcast and plowing it down in the fall. The editor tried the experiment with satisfactory results a few years ago.

The day of brute force in the machine-shop has gone by. The entire operations to-day are more of the brain than of the muscle, and since some one must furnish the brain work, it is a pertinent question for the individual machinist whether he shall educate himself to supply the larger part of it, and get paid for it, or whether on the other hand he shall put himself nearer the level of the machine he operates, and allow some one else to get paid for thinking. This is a matter the mechanic has to settle for himself.

The light-house board want to introduce the electric light into several of the more prominent light houses, and in their annual report they ask for $50,000 for this purpose. The proposed lamps have been tested to thorough satisfaction, and prove much more effective than the lights now in use, The board now control about 700 light-houses along the coast, besides 800 or more lights on interior rivers, and their estimate for new work and for the maintenance of the service the coming year is about $3,000,000.

Messrs. Galloway and Abel have found coal dust to be an important factor in explosions of the gases in mines. A mixture of coal dust and air is not explosive, but a quantity of fire damp too small to produce any effect when mixed with air alone causes the mixture to become violently explosive. Prof. Abel's experiments show that any kind of dust mixed with air containing a small quantity of fire damp converts the mixture into an explosive compound.

The labors of the Seismological Society of Japan have established the fact that there is a chronic center of disturbance within a radius of a few miles from Yokohama.

DOMESTIC.

HOT AIR BATHS.—Now that the hot-air bath has been fairly naturalized, it is necessary to examine the institution critically. One of the most obvious sanitary conditions of the bath, but, unfortunately, that which it is the most difficult to secure, is the purity of the atmosphere in which the breathing organs of persons in a peculiarly susceptible or physiological state are immersed. The breather of impure gasses, under ordinary circumstances, takes his poison largely diluted. If the air of a Turkish bath is laden with germs of disease thrown off by the lungs of a fever or a consumptive patient, there are no currents to carry the particles away. It is a physical certainty that others breathing in the bath must inhale them. This is an evident source of peril, and suggests the wisdom of taking measures to insure the frequent changing of an atmosphere which may be thus easily polluted. Care is also required to compel those who conduct these baths in the way of trade to provide attendants who not only can but will do what is necessary for the bathers. For example, when cold water is ordered for a patient, he or she should not be deprived of the full benefit such an application may be likely to afford because the attendants are too indolent to procure the requisite appliances, as recently happened at a well-known bath.

HINTS TO POULTRY EATERS.—The reason why poultry killed at home, though young, is not as tender as that bought in the market, is that the former is not generally killed until wanted, and when eaten is still rigid with death, while that bought at the poulterer's has been killed at least hours—more often days. Poultry ought to be killed several days before eaten, dressed at once, and with a few pieces of charcoal in it, hung in a cool place. If poultry are kept from food and drink at least twelve hours before killing, the flesh will be juicy and the fat firm. If left three days without food or drink, though in good condition previously, the flesh will be dry and tasteless, and the fat soft. Never buy an undrawn fowl. The gas from the crop and intestines will taint the flesh, even though retained but a sort time.

PLUM CAKE.—This is a good school cake, and, if covered with sugar icing, is rich enough for children's birthday parties. make two pounds of flour into dough, with two ounces of German yeast and three gills of tepid water. Let it rise for an hour, then work in a pound of dissolved butter, six eggs, well beaten, the rind of a lemon, half a small grated nutmeg, a pound of stoned raisins, a pound of currants and half a pound of candied peel, shred finely. When all the ingredients are mixed beat the cake up well, and let it rise in a hot place for an hour. Then put it into a greased tin and bake in a good oven for two hours. If made in more than one cake it will not take so long to bake.

LOBSTER CUTLETS.—Take a tinned lobster, mince finely and mix with a little fresh butter, salt, pepper and cayenne according to taste, a blade or two of mace, and a dessert spoonful of anchovy sauce. Add one egg and a little flour, or, if you have it ready, a small quantity of cold boiled potato mashed. Divide the mixture into small crescent-shaped cutlets, brush them over with egg, dip them into bread crumbs and fry them a light brown color. If eaten cold they should be garnished with parsley or arranged around a dish, the centre spaces being filled with water cresses or small salad; or, if served hot, with melted butter and anchovy sauce.

SPICED GINGERBREAD—Excellent.—One cup of butter, one cup of brown sugar free from lumps, one cup of molasses, four eggs, soda, four cups of sifted flour, a little salt, a teaspoonful each of ground cloves and cinnamon, a teaspoonful of ginger and a tablespoonful of grated lemon peel. Mix the salt and soda with the flour. Beat the yolks of the eggs, then the whites, and then both together, mix the molasses, sour milk and spice togeteer, and cream the butter and sugar. Now drop the butter and sugar into the flour, add the milk and molasses, and stir quickly until in a smooth mass. Bake in shallow tins in a well-heated oven.

PUDDING.—An excellent apple pudding can be made from the remains of a rice pudding. Arrange well sweetened and flavored apple sauce in alternate layers with cold rice pudding; add a little butter and sugar, sift sugar over the top and put in the oven to heat through and brown on the top. Any sort of flavoring may be used for this pudding.

CHARLOTTE.—The ordinary apple charlotte is not nearly so nice as this, which is simply more elaborate. Line a pie dish with buttered slices of bread; fill it up with layers of apples cut very small, placing between eachlayer a little apricot jam, some grated lemon rind, and plenty of brown sugar. Cover the dish up with slices of bread buttered, and bake it till the bread is well browned.

PICKLED MUTTON HAMS.—Three gallons of soft water; one pound of coarse sugar, two ounces of saltpetre, three pounds of common salt. Boil and remove the scum, and when cold pour over the meat. In two or three weeks the ham will be excellent for baking or boiling. It may be smoked if preferred.

HOW TO MAKE TEA GO FARTHER.—A method has been discovered for making more than the usual quantity of tea from any given quantity of the leaf. The whole secret consists in steaming the leaf before steeping. By this process it is said 14 pints of good quality may be brewed from one ounce of tea.

GRAHAM BREAD.—One pint of sour milk, one egg, one small tablespoonful of soda, one half cup of molasses, one quart of Graham flour; mix well together, bake one hour,

Experiments on cotton-seed oil, which may be found useful in the application of their results for the detection of spurious olive-oil, have been conducted by Prof. Wideman. Cotton-seed oil has at 0° the specific gravity of 0.9,406, but at 30° of only 0.9,206. Treated with vitriol the oil assumes a violet tint, which is deepened by stirring; and after the lapse of 24 hours the mixture thickens and becomes deep brown in color. When sulphuric acid and potassum bichromate are applied to the oil a violent reaction ensues with an evolution of sulphuric acid; the oil then taking a blood-red color. Caustic alkalies af a specific gravity of 1-24 thickens the oil and makes it strawyellow, while the alkaline solution separates and takes a deeper color and when the mixture is stirred with a glass rod the upper layers appear blue, passing gradually into a violet color.

The rapidity of the motion of the wings of some insects is almost incredible. It has been estimated that the common house fly moves its wings 330 times in a second, or 19,800 times per minute, while the butterfly's wings move nine times per second, or 540 times per minute.

WIT AND HUMOR.

A WOMAN found her husband lying in a state of intoxitcation in an alley. Instead of being exasperated, she gently turned him over to a comfortable position, and running her hand into his vest pocket she extracted a $20 bill and remarked. "I reckon I've got the dead wood on that new bonnet I've been sufferin' for." She made a straight streak for the millinery shop. Strong men wiped the moisture from their eyes at the heroic devotion to a husband who had, by strong drink, brought himself so low as to neglect to provide his wife with the common necessaries of life.

[Wausau Central Wisconsin.]

Being asked concerning the Oil, Mr. Aug. Kickbush informed the questioner that St. Jacob's Oil had proved an excellent and most useful remedy in every family that had used it. A large majority of cases pronounced incurable have been entirely cured.

THE other night, when a citizen was reckoning up his accounts, his wife spoke to him several times, and receiving no answer, said: "You treat me cruelly. I fear you no longer love me," and the husband and father replied: "I love you passionately, devotedly, frantically, madly; but if you don't hold yer jaw till I get these figures added I'll give you a chp in the eye."

"PRAY, sir," said a person who had previously been the most backward of a crowd, to another who had just joined it, 'pray, sir, have the kindness not to press upon one, it is unnecessary since there is no one behind to press upon you!" "But there may be presenly," said the other; besides, sir, what's the good of being in a crowd if one mayn't shove?"

MONSIEUR PROUDHOMME lauds the advantage of gymnastics. "There is nothing like it for health," he says: "it increases a man's strength, prolongs his days"—"But," interrupts a pupil, "our ancestors did not practice gymnastics, and yet"—"They did not," retorted M. Proudhomme, "and what is the consequence? They are dead, every man of them!"

(Mt. Clemens, (Mich.) True Record.)

W. T. Lee, Esq., of this paper says: Being convinced of the efficacy of St. Jacob's Oil in curing rheumatism. I have no hesitancy in recommending it.

LORD X., whose popularity was not excessive in a certain Scotish town, having refused an importunate beggar, she renewed her applications with "Now, me lord, if ye'd just give me one little sixpence, I could treat every friend ye have in the toon!"

A TUTOR of a college, lecturing to a young man on the irregularity of his conduct, added with great pathos: "The report of your vices will bring your father's gray hairs with sorrow to the grave." "I beg your pardon, sir," replied the pupil, "my father wears a wig."

Eminent Physicians

are prescribing that tried and true remedy, Kidney-Wort for the worst cases of biliousness and constipation, as well as for kidney complaints. There is scarcely a person to be found that will not be greatly benefitted by a thorough course of Kidney Wort every spring. If you feel out of sorts and don't know why; try a package of Kidney-Wort and you will feel like a new creature.—*Indianapolis Sentinel.*

"THE last time I saw Miss X.," said a nobleman, speaking of a well-known actress to a witty dramatist, "was at a morning performance, and she had grown so stout that she almost filled the box." "Oh, that's nothing!" said the witty playwright, "There was a time when she filled the theatre."

A CITIZEN of New Mexico, being informed that a panther had attacked his wife, and that she beat off and killed the animal, merely shrugged his shoulders and said: "Ef that panther had knowed her as well as I do he'd a never riled her up, you bet."

As a tonic and nervine for debilitated women nothing surpasses Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription." By druggists.

A LITTLE girl was eating green corn by gnawing it from the cob, when her teeth became intangled with the corn silk. "Oh, dear," said she impatiently, "I wish when they get the corn made they would pull out the basting threads."

THE idea of the biggest head knowing the most is all nonsense. The mastodon had the biggest head of his time, yet he didn't know enough to go into the ark out of the rain, and be saved. The musquito, with scarcely any head at all, was wiser.

The only physician we employ is "Sellers' Liver Pills," and we always enjoy good health. Try them.

THE editor of a scientific journal asks: "How did we come to possess our present dress?" How should his contemporaries know? Perhaps he procured it in exchange for advertising for the tailor. Or he may have won it at a raffle. Or probably, what seems more plausible, he told the tailor to "charge it."

Thousands of women have been cured of the most stubborn cases of female weakness by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Sent to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass,, for pamphlets.

"You haven't opened your mouth during the whole session," said a legislator to a fellow member. "Oh, yes, I have. I yawned through the whole of your speech," was the complimentary reply.

A HOTEL on the European plan has Asiatic laundrymen, African waiters, and a North American clerk with a South American diamond in his shirt front.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Jan. 31, 1879.
GENTLEMEN—Having been afflicted for a number of years with indigestion and general debility, by the advice of my doctor I used Hop Bitters, and must say they afforded me almost instant relief. I am glad to be able to testify in their behalf.
THOS. G. KNOX.

A REVISION of the birth dates in the family records of the Bible would make the book more popular with maidens of uncertain age.

OUR ancestors, the monkeys, were not so ignorant, after all. They were all educated in the higher branches.

For a Christmas present buy one of the Mass. Organ Co.'s Harpettes, and your children will be delighted and give you music in your own home these long winter evenings.

THE man who was injured by a burst of applause is recovering.

DID the horseman who "scoured the plain use soap?

Dr. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Is a Positive Cure

for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.

It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.

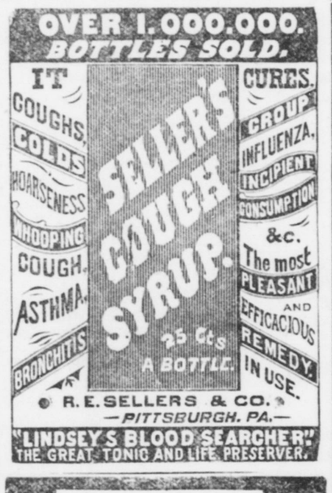
For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this Paper.*

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness, and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

☞ Sold by all Druggists. ☜

OVER 1,000,000 BOTTLES SOLD.



R. E. SELLERS & CO.
—PITTSBURGH, PA.—
"LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER"
THE GREAT TONIC AND LIFE PRESERVER.

HOP BITTERS.

(A Medicine, not a Drink.)

CONTAINS

HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION,

AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.

THEY CURE

All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and especially Female Complaints.

$1000 IN GOLD.

Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.

Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Take no other.

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

All above sold by druggists.
Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y., & Toronto, Ont.

TAKE THE

THE GREAT
BURLINGTON ROUTE.

☞ No other line runs Three Through Passenger Trains Daily between Chicago, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln, St. Joseph, Atchison, Topeka and Kansas City. Direct connections for all points in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Arizona, Idaho, Oregon and California.

The Shortest, Speediest and Most Comfortable Route via Hannibal to Fort Scott, Denison, Dallas, Houston, Austin, San Antonio, Galveston and all points in Texas.

The unequaled inducements offered by this Line to Travelers and Tourists, are as follows: The celebrated Pullman (6-wheel) Palace Sleeping Cars, run only on this Line, C., B. & Q. Palace Drawing-Room Cars, with Horton's Reclining Chairs. No extra charge for Seats in Reclining Chairs. The famous C., B. & Q. Palace Dining Cars. Gorgeous Smoking Cars fitted with Elegant High-Backed Rattan Revolving Chairs for the exclusive use of first-class passengers.

Steel Track and Superior Equipment, combined with their Great Through Car Arrangement, makes this, above all others, the favorite Route to the South, South-West, and the Far West.

Try it, and you will find traveling a luxury instead of a discomfort.

Through Tickets via this Celebrated Line for sale at all offices in the United States and Canada.

All information about Rates of Fare, Sleeping Car Accommodations, Time Tables, &c. will be cheerfully given, and will send *free* to any address an elegant *County Map* of United States, in colors, by applying to

PERCIVAL LOWELL, Gen. Pass. Agent, Chicago
T. J. POTTER, General Manager, Chicago.

A Powerful Light.—A new electric revolving light, to be placed on South Head, Macquarie Harbor, Sydney, Australia, was recently exhibited by the makers, Messrs, Chance Brothers, of Birmingham. It is called a first order, dioptric, revolving light, with the electrical arc. The lamp has a special arrangement of prisms for securing vertical divergence of the beam. It is over six feet in diameter, and the height is about nine feet, and it is said to be the first time such dimensions have been applied to illumination by the electric arc. The lamp or regulator has a power of about 12,000 candles in the focus of light, and the merging beam has a luminous intensity exceeding 12,000,000 candles. The light, will give flashes around half the horizon at intervals of a minute, and will make a complete revolution every sixteen minutes. On an average the light will be visible a distance of forty or fifty miles. Its makers claim that it will be the largest and most powerful light in the world.

A new "sea messenger" the invention of Julius Vanderbergh of Portsmouth, Eng., was recently tested with gratifying results during a cruise of the British reserve squadron. It is a copper vessel three feet and a half long, pointed at both ends and lined with cork and composition to resist external pressure The inner case will carry a weight of 60 pounds, and is meant for the conveyance of letters and other papers from wrecked or disabled vessels. The vessel was thrown overboard at sea, and was picked up by fisherman off the coast of Jutland. It had been in the water 25 days and traveled 1420 miles, but was found to be uninjured.

We believe it is the style to affect contempt for things that are old. Not so, however, with Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, which has stood the popular test of 34 years' use, and is more thought of than ever before.

AN auctioneer, by birth a native of the Green Isle, of course, caused to be printed on his handbills at a recent sale, "Every article sold goes to the highest bidder, unless some gentleman bids more."

LITTLE Johnny was visiting at a neighbor's house. He was offered a piece of bread and butter, which he accepted, but with no great amount of enthusiasm. "What do you say, Johnny?" said the lady, expecting him to say "Thank you." "I say it ain't cake," was the response.

Poverty and Distress.

That poverty which produces the greatest distress is not of the purse but of the blood. Deprived of its richness it becomes scant and watery, a condition termed *anemia* in medical writings. Given this condition, and scrofulous swellings and sores, general and nervous debility, loss of flesh and appetite, weak lungs, throat disease, spitting of blood and consumption, are among the common results. If you are a sufferer from thin, poor blood employ Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery," which enriches the blood and cures these grave affections. It is more nutritive than cod liver oil, and is harmless in any condition of the system, yet powerful to cure. By druggists.

SOME men, when they go to church, never think of studying the frescoing on the ceiling of the edifice until the collection box is being passed around.

WHEN a man told his wife that he had just traded for new a spring wagon, she replied, "You dunce, you! why did you get a spring wagon in the fall of the year?"

MOTHERS DON'T KNOW—How many children are punished for being uncouth, wilful and indifferent to instructions or rewards, simply because they are out of health! An intelligent lady said of a child of this kind: "Mothers should know that if they would give the little ones moderate doses of Hop Bitters for two or three weeks, the children would be all a parent could desire."

"MY dear," said a fond mother to her child, why do you not play with the little Jones boy?" "Oh, he's horrid. He says bad words like papa does." Reform will begin at home in that family.

The Power of The Press.

In no way is the power of the press more surely shown than in the universal knowledge that has in less than a year, been diffused throughout fifty millions of people of the wonderful curative properties of that splendid remedy Kidney-wort. And the people from the Atlantic to the Pacific have shown their intelligence and their knowledge of what is in the papers, by already making Kidney-Wort their household remedy for all diseases of the kidneys, liver and bowels.—*Herald.*

MANY preachers seek to impress their hearers with the fact that life is short, but forget it in their sermons.

CARBOLINE, a deodorized extract of petroleum, cures baldness. This is a positive fact, attested by thousands. No other hair preparation in the world will really do this. Besides, as now improved it is a delightful dressing.

WHEN a bank "goes up" it generally fails to come down.

AMBITIOUS man: Is there any fixed rule for writing poetry! There is! Don't

Important to Travelers.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS are offered you by the BURLINGTON ROUTE. It will pay you to read their advertisement to be found elsewhere in this issue.

THE new coroner has appointed a colored man as one of his deputies. He will be handy for blackburying parties.

S. M. Dukes, Colfax, Ind., states that his wife had a tumor on her neck five years, and "Lindsey's Blood Searcher" cured it right up.

THE best railway for a bridal trip—The Union Pacific.

Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.

THE height of coolness—the top of Mont Blanc.

Flies and Mosquitoes.

15c. box "Rough on Rats" keeps a house free from flies, bed-bugs, roaches, rats, mice, &c.

MESSRS. MORGAN & HEADLY, Mutual Life Building, Tenth and Chestnut streets, have on hand a superb stock of extra fine quality Diamonds, which they offer at as low prices as stones of the first quality, perfect alike in color and shape, can be sold for.

On Thirty Days' Trial.

The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich., will send their Electro-Voltaic Belts and other Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to any person afflicted with Nervous Debility, Lost Vitality, and kindred troubles, guaranteeing complete restoration of vigor and manhood.

Address as above without delay.

P. S.—No risk is incurred, as 30 days' trial is allowed.

A CUTE Yankee has invented a nest, in the bottom of which there is a kind of trap-door, through which the egg, when laid, imediately drops, and the hen, looking around and perceiving none, soon lays another.

Dr. Pierce's "Pleasant Purgative Pellets" are sugar coated and inclosed in glass bottles, their virtues being thereby preserved unimpaired for any length of time, in any climate, so that they are always fresh and reliable. No cheap wooden or pasteboard boxes. By druggists.

THE man who tries to stop another's hat when it is blown off generally "puts his foot in it."

HOUSEHOLD ACCIDENTS.

The following suggestions are not designed to induce the public to attempt the duties of the regular surgeon, but, merely to place the readers of these pages in possession of a means of treatment of the minor accidents occurring daily in the household, and which, while not dangerous in themselves, are exceedingly annoying. Burns, bruises, scalds, sprains, etc., are principal among these troublesome and annoying occurences, and demand immediate treatment with the best means at hand. In the kitchen, the dining-hall, the nursery and the sitting-room they are liable to happen, and, instead of fear and alarm at the sight of the cut or mashed finger, or bruised or burned arm, or scalded surface, a cool and quiet manner should be assumed, and after washing away the blood, (if required), the injured parts should be dressed with that most valuable remedy—ST. JACOBS OIL. Its surprisingly quick relief, its cleansing properties, its tendency to quickly remove all inflammation, and its wonderful efficacy in the above as well as in all muscular and other pains, such as rheumatism, neuralgia, toothache, headache, stiffness of the joints, etc.,—these render ST. JACOBS OIL pre-eminently the best external remedy now before the people; which claim is fully substantiated by the strongest kind of testimony from all classes of people. The value of human life is so supremely important that anything that tends to its prolongation is entitled to the highest consideration. Charles Nelson, Esq., proprietor Nelson House, Port Huron, Mich., says: "I suffered so with rheumatism that my arm withered, and physicians could not help me. I was in despair of my life, when some one advised me to try ST. JACOBS OIL. I did so, and as if by magic, I was instantly relieved, and by the continued use of the Oil entirely cured. I thank heaven for having used this wonderful remedy, for *it saved my life.* It also cured my wife."

KIDNEY-WORT

DOES WONDERFUL CURES! WHY?

Because it acts on the LIVER, BOWELS and KIDNEYS at the same time.

Because it cleanses the system of the poisonous humors that develope in Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervous Disorders and Female Complaints.

SEE WHAT PEOPLE SAY:

Eugene B. Stork, of Junction City, Kansas, says, Kidney-Wort cured him after regular Physicians had been trying for four years.

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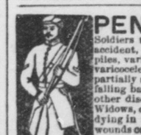

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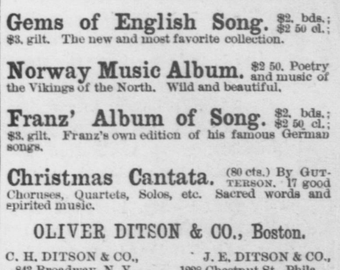

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